Forging the Future: Innovations in Sustainable Steelmaking



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What is Green Steel?



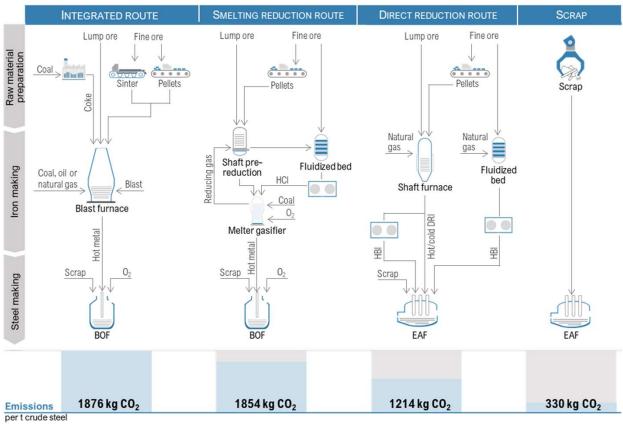
What is Green Steel?

Current Steel Production



CO₂ mitigation potential

- Scrap recycling has lowest CO₂ emissions (-83% in comparison to the blast furnace – basic oxygen furnace route)
- Problem: scrap quality quantity, availability
- Fossil energy has to be replaced by hydrogen and electricity from renewables



Reference: Stahlinstitut VDEh



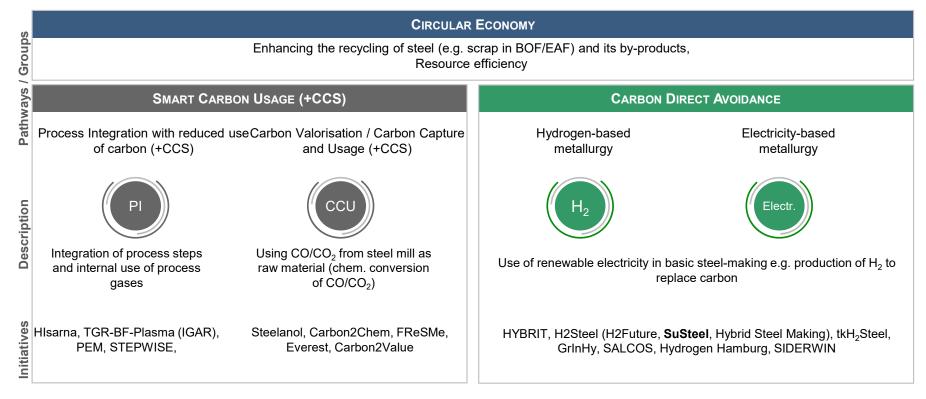
Exploring Pressing Questions

How do we reduce emissions? K1-MET GmbH | 15.04.2024 | 4

How do we reduce Emissions?

Mitigation Strategies





Reference: Eurofer low carbon Road-Map

Exploring Pressing Questions



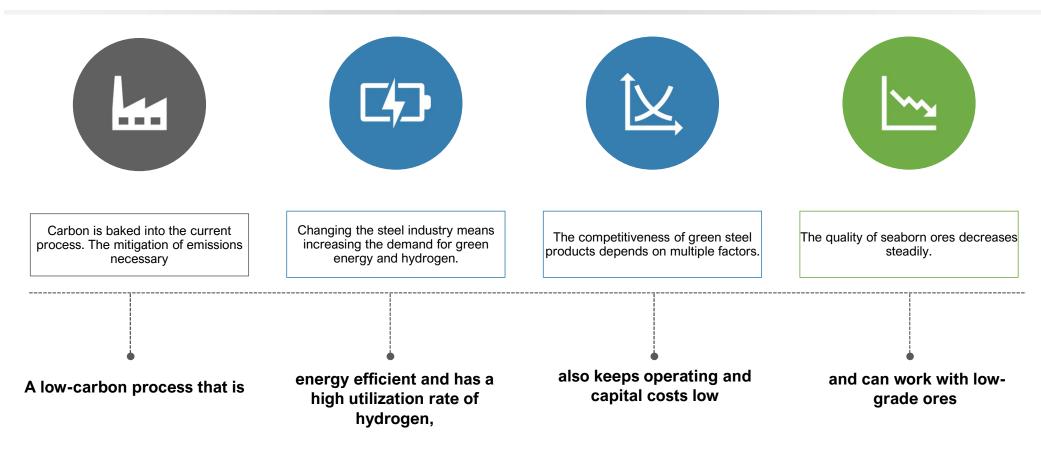
So, what would a perfect process look like? K1-MET GmbH | 15.04.2024 | 6

Forging the path towards a sustainable future



Let's characterize the perfect green steel process!

/ SuSteel follow-up 🔊



Exploring Pressing Questions



Why is low-grade iron ore important?



Iron ore qualities

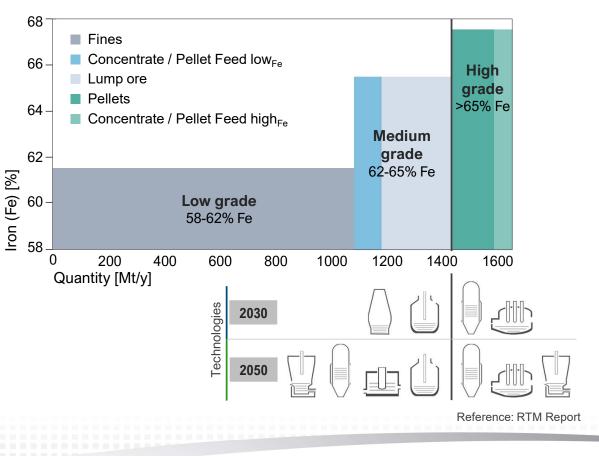
Why is the ore quality of such importance?

The global iron ore market is dominated by low and medium-grade iron ores

High-grade seaborne iron ores are available in limited quantities

75% of all beneficiated iron ores are fines





VAP

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Exploring Pressing Questions



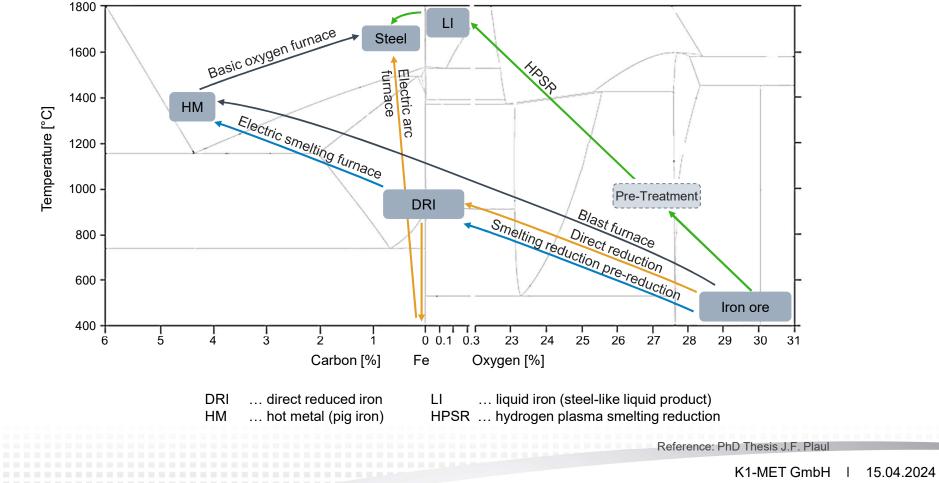
How do we keep it simple and carbon free?



Steel making process routes



One step ahead with one step to steel



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It seems we need to take a short look at this HPSR Process!



The SuSteel Project

HPRS in a nutshell

Reference: voestalpine

PILOT PLANT SUSTEEL

The SuSteel project has the potential to become a breakthrough technology in the production of steel and is an essential part of voestalpine's "greentec steel" step-by-step plan for green steel production by 2050. SuSteel replaces fossil reducing agents such as coke, coal or natural gas with 100% hydrogen.





1 HYDROGEN AND IRON ORE SUPPLY Hydrogen and iron ore are fed to the plant.

2 ELECTRIC ARC FURNACE The DC electric arc furnace is the heart of the plant. The reactions take place in the transferred arc.

3 **ELECTRODE** Iron ore and hydrogen enter the reaction zone of the arc via a hollow electrode.

2

4 REACTION ZONE

Hydrogen is ionised into plasma and the iron ore is melted and reduced in one step. Crude steel is produced. 5 **END PRODUCT: WATER VAPOUR** At the end of the process, only water vapour escapes. CO₂ emissions are fully avoided.

Forging the path towards a sustainable future



Let's characterize the perfect green steel process again!

/ SuSteel follow-up 🔊



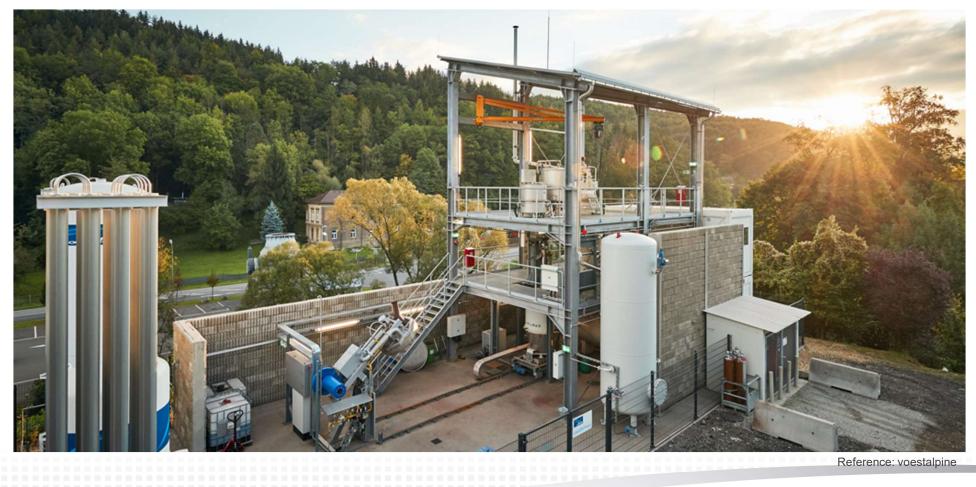
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The HPSR Process



Hydrogen Plasma Smelting Reduction

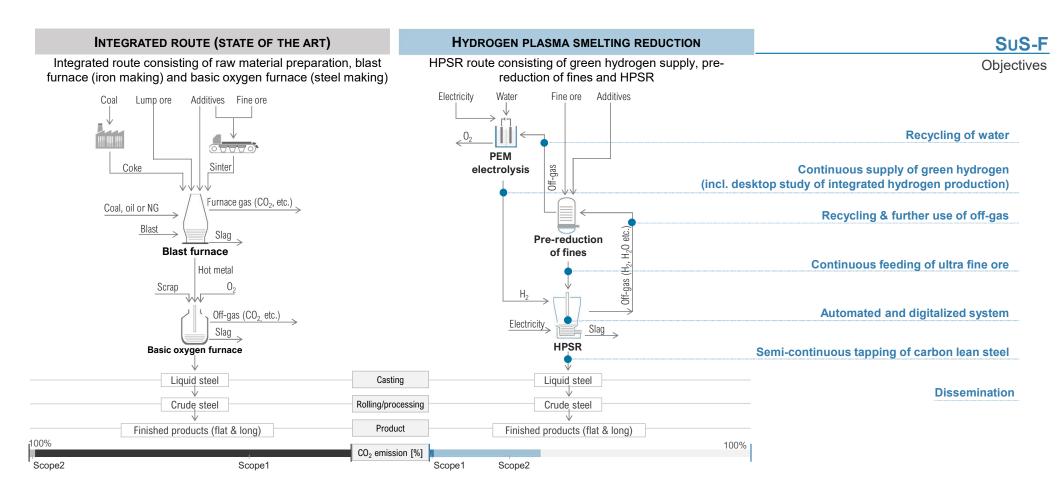
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Next steps for the Scale-up

What's the plan for now?

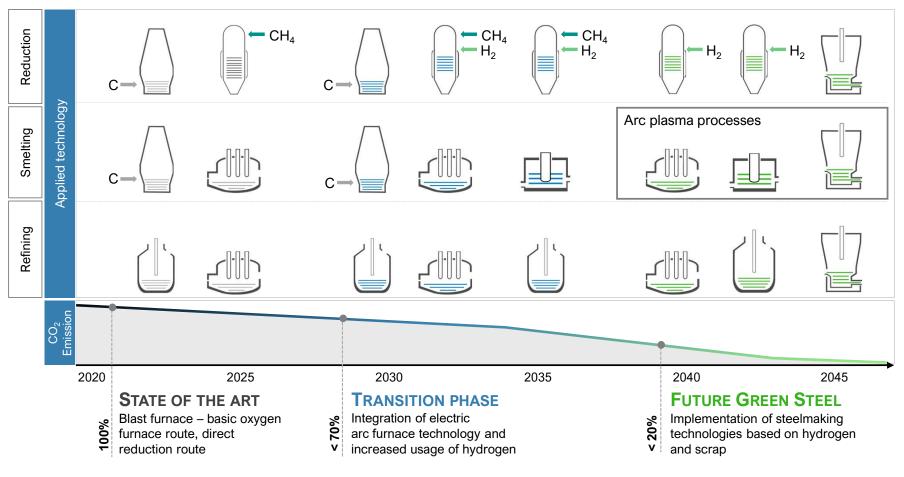




How is steel going to be produced?



Transition process towards green steel



Thank you for your kind attention!

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